The Asia Market of the State of

Spaniards Seeking to Postpone Evacuation of Cuba.

ULTIMATUM THREATENED

OUR COMMISSIONERS WILL NOT DISCUSS OUTSIDE ISSUES.

Strict Adherence to the Protocol Will Be Insisted Upon - Autonomist Government ntermeddling In the Interest of Spain-Evacuation of the Island Will Be Slow.

Washington, Sept. 22.—Official dis-atches received by one of the embassias are from Havana confirm the reports hat the colonial government of the Santiago de Cuba, Sept. 22.—By the stand is taking a hand in shaping the

donial government was established

executed. This, it is believed here, may develop some new planes in the simulation in Cuba.

The colonial government was established by Shain shordly before the war broke out, there being a cabinet of five officers as lievana, and a legislative body with two houses. It carried out in a measure the long-pending plan of giving Cuba home rule by means of an autonomous government, but while in name autonomous, it was centended by the insurgent element that genume home rule was lacknown and the colonial reasons was a continuance of Spanish domination. It appears, however, that these colonial authorities are taking a very active part in the present negritations and that there is more or less co-operation between them and the Spanish government. This creates a condition in which the United States must deal not only with Spain, but those who claim to represent the island treat, free from Spanish control.

The colonial or autonomous administration is very thoroughly organized and can evert much influence. It established a cognian legation in Wandington prior to the war, with several prominent men of Havana on the staff. It numbers in its raise smuch of the wealth of Cuba and claims to stand for the oducated classes, as against the histogents and littlerates. It now seems clear, from the official, as well as from the press reports from Hardina and Madrid, that the autonomist dement is taking up the claim first admendation as to Cuba must be settled before the evacuation is determined upon. The time and place of gesention is to divert the formal and place of gesention is to divert the formal position is to be a rude wakening if the panish of a proper of the spanish clement is taking up the claim first admendation, have no questions to advance or settle before the evacuation is determined upon. The time and place of gesention is tooked upon by the authorides ere as the only point involved and there is light to be a rude wakening if the panish of the representation of the spanish government is now such as a point of the poi a strict adherence to the protocol for an evacuation of the island, and, if need be, will submit an ultimatum against taking up subsidiary questions of Cuba's future. While the Cuban colonial government is thus combining with the Spanish government is thus combining with the Spanish government in bringing forward these incidental questions, yet the opinion was expressed today by a high diplomatic officer, based on recent advices from Havana, that a serious issue would be averted, and that the actual evacuation of the Spanish troops from Cuba would begin within the next month. But it appears that the evacunation will cover a much longer time than has been anticipated. There are some 10/1000 Spanish troops in the island. Allowing 1000 men on a transport and a vessel leaving every day, it will take 100 days, or over three months, for the evacunation. But the vessels are not available for a serious serious every day for the island a vessel leaving every day, it will take 100 days, or over three months, for the evacunation. But the vessels are not available for a serious provided that the time for departure would probably far exceed three months.

ARMISTICE VIOLATED.

Cubans at Matanzas Are Spoiling For a Fight.

Havana, Sept. 22.—The insurgent chief, Eduardo Garcin, with 500 men, ploned his

Havana, Sept. 22.—The insurgent chief, Eduardo Garcia, with 500 meu, piched his camp on Sunday on the estate Inspento, two miles from Matanzas, within the limits of the zone designated by the Spanish government. General Molina, the spanish government. General molinary governor, sent a politic communication to Garcia informing him that he was inside the limits and would be expected to move his camp. The insurgent leader answered that he considered he was not infringing upon the provisions of the armistice and would remain where he was. To a second and more urgent request, Garcia replied that he meant to stay where he was and only could be removed by force.

A clash appeared imminent. General

Molina mustered his men and prepared to send them to dislodge the Cubans, but first consulted Captain General Blanco by wire. General Blanco repisted advising General Molina to avoid a class. The Cubans continue to remain encamped in their previous position.

Advices from Matanzas report great distress and sickness prevalent there, the streets remaining unclean and no attention to their condition is being given by the city officials.

Yesterday morning, as before reported, the American flag was hoisted over the Trocha hotel. General Arolas, the military governor, went to the palace at noon and profested against the insolence of the action, saying that as military governor he should issue an order forhidding the Stars and Stripes to be hoisted today. Captain General Blanco said he would allow no such order to be issued, as the American commissioners were entirely within their rights in having the American flag floated over their residence and consequently the flag this morning was still waving over the headquarters of the commission.

ommission.

General Blanco has issued an order au-herizing the soldiers of the Cuban army o travel unarmed on railway trains in he provinces of Pinar del Rio and Ha-

vana.

The Cuban troops throughout the island have addressed a petition to the planters, requesting relief, which, while not an obligatory tax, is practically identical with

ligatory tax, is practically identical with one.

Ou Sunday evening last, Juan Villegas, the pastry cook, with several other members of the crew of the Spanish cruiser Apphone XIII, provided with written permission from their commander, attended a performance at the Tacon thatre in uniform. Soldier sand salitors are forbidden to go to the theatre unless provided with permits from their superior officers. In this case all had the necessary permission, but General Arolas, nevertheless, had all the men arrested and taken to the Calonas prison, utterly ignoring their permits, and only releasing them yesterday evening upon complaint being made by the admiral, and General Blanco threatened to report the abuse to the minister of marine at Madrid. It is said that General Arolas is making enemies by his arbitrary and autocratic ways.

ATTITUDE OF GOMEZ.

Urges Cuban Army to Obey Cuban Authorities.

New York, Sept. 22.-The Press says: The following general order, issued by General Gomez, with respect to the attitude of the Cuban army in regard to the evacuation by the Spanish forces of the

evacuation by the Spanish forces of the towns and villages, and the subjugation of the army to the military authority of the American commanders, has reached the Cuban junta;

"The time having arrived when the Spanish forces are to evacuate the towns and villages, and the population being no longer subjected to their authority, which is now to be delegated to the Americans, through the medium of the revolutionary party, as our allies may deem advisable. I believe it proper that I should publish the following:

Deleve it proper that I should publish the following provisions of the council of the following provisions of the council of the provisions povernment of Cuba with register to the attitude of our forces upon entering conquered territory in time of war will be strictly observed in the coctraction of fowms and 'llastes evacuated by the enemy. The rights of property shall be respected, and persons shall be unmolested in the performance of their futies and in obedience to the laws. Without alies, as well as their properties. In assisting in the control of towns and will have evacuated and in the negotiations which may be necessary, no towns shall be funded by the shall always be preserved. The left Silverton, this county has Friday with the latention of go-ame while has been funded as the first of our arms and the diminity of our same shall always be preserved. The first of the murdered man force of our arms and the diminity of our same shall always be preserved. The first of the cubar to have been murdered near Euphose of our arms and the diminity of our same shall always be preserved. The first of the cubar forces to assist and aid them in the profoundered of Fecamp, and her crew of a same time the received with the latention of go-american forces will have full authority.

The French vessel Ville de Fecamp forces to assist and aid them in the profoundered of Fecamp, and her crew of a substantial in the evening by a delightfully. Miss be the duty of the Cubar forces to assist and aid them in the profoundered of Fecamp, and her crew of a substantial and the ministry of the Cubar forces to assist and aid them in the profoundered of Fecamp, and her crew of a substantial the ministry of the cubar forces to assist and aid them in the profoundered of Fecamp, and her crew of a substantial to the first of the cubar forces to assist and aid them in the profoundered of Fecamp forces to assist and aid them in the profoundered of Fecamp forces to assist and aid them in the profoundered of Fecamp forces to assist and aid them

ciasted Press correspondent was today afforded an opportunity to peruse the report issued by Customs Collector Donaldson, covering the transactions of the custom house at Santiago during the period between July 16 and Sept. 1. The report, which was forwarded to Washington today, deals voluminously with the work of gradually reorganizating this department of the capitulated territory.

The sum of \$107.783 was collected during the period from various sources, and payments were made of \$13.101 for a suntary and similar purposes, city possible and municipal salaries, salaries of the president that the claims of revenue, Collector Donaldson estimates the annual income of the provinces of Santiago at \$2,150,008. He makes a strong plea for the assignment for a revenue cutter for continuous employment in these waters.

The question of a definitive, stable currency for Cuba is dealt with. Duttes at present are paid in gold coin of the United States, rendering necessary daily estimates and computations of comparative values, there being no for the province of the currency for Cuba is dealt with. Duttes at present are paid in gold coin of the United States, rendering necessary daily estimates and computations of comparative values, there being no a basis of two to one; but, as two countries. Attempts have been made by local financiers to secure a conventional agreement that Spanish silver coin be exchanged for American soliton as practicable, authoritative instruction by the countries of two countries. Attempts have not correspond, the attempts have not cressited in even temporary benefit. As a preliminary step to disposing of the miverage of the countries of the miverage of the miverage of the miverage of the silant of the miverage of the miverage of the miverage of the properties of the present with the transaction of the control of the countries of a conversation with a conversation of the properties of the present with the course of a conversation with a conversation with a conversation of the countries. Attending the

entirely in American gold.

The revenue collected has been found

SPANIARDS MUST GO.

No Postponement of Cuban Evacuation Will Be Permitted.

Washington, Sept. 22.-It is stated that

BETTER GUNS FOR WARSHIPS

NAVY DEPARTMENT MAKES FURTHER IMPROVEMENTS.

New 12-Inch Gun Will Equal the 13-Inch-Value of Ammunition answer. Used During the War.

Washington, Sept. 22.-The navy de- Spanish Priests In New Possessions partment has recently placed orders for forgings for naval ritles of calibers from four to 12-inch, to supply the new battleshirs, and in a short time the navy yard factory will begin to turn out ordnance embodying radical changes in construction, and much more powerful than guns of the same

out ordnance embodying radical changes in construction, and much more powerful than guns of the same caliber now affoat on our ships.

The ordnance officers have for several years realized the cossibility of improving the present standard naval gun, effective as it is, but the time has not been opportune to do this, nor was the money available to undertake the change on a large scale until this year. The advent of smokeless nowder has a te from the state the same laws that will govern the country and be separtated from the state the same as it now

Refuses to Pay Claims of Americans For Damages.

BUT ONE THING TO DO

MINISTER ANGELL SUGGESTS AN ARMED DEMONSTRATION.

AMERICA'S CLAIMS.

"One thing I would like to lay streen, and that is that our claims are deferent from the European demands. I Europeans suffered their damages in

cific matters which I laid before him. It seems to me that an armed demonstration is the only means whereby toe Furkish government can be made to make the restitution asked for."

"What will be the outgome of + Cretan troubles?" was asked.

"Ah! the powers only wish you could tell them," answered Minister Augell. "But I notice the sultan is yielding to their request. Whether Turkey will lose Crete it is impossible to say now, but if the powers say she must, she will have to refinguish it."

THE SULTAN'S SHREWDNESS.

While he was in Turkey, Mr. Angell fre-uently saw the sultan. Describing him,

While he was in Turkey, Mr. Angell frequently saw the sultan. Describing him, he said:

"The sultan is a man of decided ability, possesses great shrewdness and plays his policy wall of pitting the jealousy of one nation against another. Every one concedes that he is an able man. He is the governor of his people and the most absolute despot in the world. It is he who i rules; not his cabinet. Since the Greek war, his power over his subjects has increased tremendously. He is considered by his people to be the religious head of the nation, as well as the head of the nation, as well as the head of the nation, as well as the head of the sarmy. There will be no religious war in Turkey while the powers are watchink. "The sultan has too much cuming to precipitate trouble. Turkey can be scarcely called the sick man of Europe after the impetus given to the country by the Greek war. It is now possessed of a powerful army, fully 2000-60 well-equipped men. They have been drilled to modern tactics by German officers and their weapons are of the most improved and modern make. The Turkish may can best be described as a tub. The suitan watched the war between Spain and the United States very closely and the impression made by our nany won his respect and admiration. He often spoke to me about our cannon and ships and he may in the near future order some ships built here. I told him that the cannon and ships were all right, but he would have to took to the men behind its suns."
"Supposing that the claims against Turkey should be pressed, would its treasury he able to meet them?"
"Well, you see, a bankrupt has an advantage. He can pay nothing and owe the rest," was Mr. Angell's epigrammatic answer. vantage. He can pay nothing and owe the rest," was Mr. Angell's epigrammatic

ROMAN CATHOLIC POLICY.

Will Be Undisturbed.

Chicago, Sept. 22.-Archbishop Ireland has given the first definite information regarding the policy of the Roman Catholie church in Cuba, Porto

change on a large scale until this year. Will govern the country and be separ-The advent of smokeless powder has ate from the state the same as it now

the money available to undertake the change on a large scale until this year. The advent of smokeless powder has also aided to make the change possible.

The new 12-inch gun will be as effective as the 13-inch gun in range and striking force. This is achieved at the expense of weight, but the difference is still in favor of the new design. For instance, the present 12-inch gun weighs 46 tons, against 52 tons for the row gun. But this gun takes the place of a 13-inch gun, which weighs 61 tons, so that a considerable saving is effected. About the same rate of gain is secured in all the leser calibers. The enormous velocity of 2,000 feet per second, which is about 50 per cent greater than the velocity of the present 12-inch shell.

The ordnance officers say that there is a very erroneous idea prevalent as to the value of ammunition shot away by Dewey at Manila, fired 447,000 worth of ammunition, and the North Atlantic squadron, at Santiago. Instead of this running, up as high as \$2,000,000, as asserted.

Salem, Ore., Sept. 22—The remains of the murdered man found in the river Tuesday have been identified as those of Ray Sins, a well-to-do Sherman county wheat grower. Sink is believed to have been murdered near Eugene, and his body thrown into the river Tuesday have been identified as those of Ray Sins, a well-to-do Sherman county wheat grower. Sink is believed to have been murdered near Eugene, and his body thrown into the river Tuesday have been identified as those of Ray Sins, a well-to-do Sherman county wheat grower. Sink is believed to have been murdered near Eugene, and his body thrown into the river Tuesday have been identified as those of Ray Sins, a well-to-do Sherman county wheat grower. Sink is believed to have been murdered near Eugene, and his body thrown into the river Tuesday have been identified as those of Ray Sins, a well-to-do Sherman county wheat grower. Sink is believed to have been murdered near Eugene, and his body thrown into the river Tuesday have been identified as the search of the presen

CELEBRATED YESTERDAY BY THE COLORED CITIZENS.

Parade Followed By a Programme of Literary Exercises-Then Refreshments, a Trolley Ride and a Ball

But Does Not Know What the Gov- Each year the celebration has become ernment Will Do-Sultan Is a more enthusiastic and interesting, un-Shrewd Diplomat, a Man of Abil-ity and Absolute Ruler of His gramme in the vacant building former-

ments, a Trolley Ride and a Ball

The 36th anniversary of President
Lincoln's emancipation proclamation
was fittingly celebrated by the colored
people of Sait Lake City yesterday.
Each year the celebration has become
more enthusiastic and interesting, unill yesterday it took on the nature of
a street parade, followed by a proyearned in the vacant building formerly occupied by the New York Cash
storce opposite the postoffice.

The parade was formed at 1 p. m. in
frout of the postoffice, the line of
march being through the principal
Streets returning to the hall. It was
headed by Held's band, and following
came it Soldiers from the Twentyfourth in charge of Sergeant Alexander,
Jez. Next came the queen's carriage,
continuing the quantity of the parade were is carrisges in which rode men, women and
children.

PROGRAMME OF EXERCISES.

At 2:230, in the presence of a large
andience, the programme opened in the
hall, which was tastefully decorated
with flags and bunting hung in featong and arranged along the wall.
The portraits of Lincoln and other
civil war heroes were suspended over
a national flag in front. The queen's
flow of the parade were is carrisges in which rode men, women and
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flags in the introductory remarks he explained that the celebration was in
the more than object. The Republic tomormore and arranged along the wall.
The portraits of Lincoln and other
civil war heroes were suspended over
a national flag in front. The queen's
commenced the opening selection.

W. W. Taylor, editor Utah Plain
Dealer, was the master of ceremonies
in his introductory remarks he explained that the celebration was in
the mitted of the parade were in the
bondage of himman slavery. He re Sanitago de Cuba, Sept. 22.—By the courtesy of General Lawton, the Associated Press correspondent was today afforded an opportunity to peruse the report issued by Customs Collector Donaldson, covering the transactions of the custom house at Sanitago during the period between July 16 and Sept. 1. The report, which was forwarded to Washington today, deals voluminously with the work of the custom house at Santiago during the period between July 16 and Sept. 1. The report, which was forwarded to Washington today, deals voluminously with the work of the custom house at Santiago during the period between July 16 and Sept. 1. The report, which was forwarded to Washington today, deals voluminously with the work of the first provided and the period between July 16 and Sept. 1. The report, which was forwarded to Washington today, deals voluminously with the work of the first provided and the period between July 16 and Sept. 1. The report, which was forwarded to Washington today, deals voluminously with the work of the first provided and the period between July 16 and Sept. 1. The report, which was forwarded to Washington today, deals voluminously with the work of the first provided and the first provided at Santiago during the period between July 16 and Sept. 1. The report, which was forwarded to Washington today, deals voluminously with the work of the first provided at Santiago during the period between July 16 and Sept. 1. The report, which was forwarded to Washington today, deals voluminously with the work of the first provided at Santiago during the period between July 16 and Sept. 1. The report, which was forwarded to Washington today, deals voluminously with the work of the first provided at Santiago during the period between July 16 and Sept. 1. The period by the New York Cash store opposite the postoffice. The first provided at 1 p. m. in front of the postoffice, the line of march being through the principal store opposite the postoffice. The first provided at 1 p. m. in front of the tout of the postoffice, the

Mis. C. C. Mathews, the planist, rendered the opening selection.

W. W. Taylor, editor Utah Plain Dealer, was the master of ceremonies in his introductory, remarks he explained that the celebration was in commemoration of the day when President Lincoin issued his proclamation liberaling the Afro-Americans from the bondage of human slavery. He referred to the advancement of the colorades and individuals who had given material assistance towards getting up the celebration.

The invocation was offered by Rev. G. W. Tolson, pastor of the African M. E. church.

After the singing of "America," Mr. H. H. Voss delivered an address, in which he said that Lincoin, by one stroke of the peh, liberated 4.000,000 of human slaves and he was glad to be able to celebrate under such a great emancipator. He thought the battle of Santiago had litted the negro much higher in the estimation of white people and that the race was gradually pulling up the stream of prosperity.

SLAVERY IN THE WEST INDIES.

Miss Mary Howell read a paper taking for her theme the emancipation of slavery in the West Indies by the British government. It brought great blessings to the colored people and was especially glorious, since it was achieved not by the sword, but by the still small voice of truth; by peaceful agitations and by the exercise of simple human reason and feelings. The effect of this philanthropic movement was to increase the abolition sentiment in the United States and helped to bring the downfall of slavery under the American power. The 1st of August, in commemoration of that event, should be held in sacred remembrance.

CROWNING THE QUEEN.

CROWNING THE QUEEN. Following came the ceremony of crowning the queen, Miss Dudley, who was gowned in white silk and seated in a beautiful throne on the left of the hall with her maids of honor. With appropriate words Mr. W. W. Taylor placed the crown of pearis upon the brow of the queen, who expressed the brow of her heart at the honor conferred upon her on this important occasion. She expressed the thankfulness of her people toward Abraham Lincoln, casion. She expressed the tranktunics of her people toward Abraham Lincoln, who broke their chains of bondage. Miss Dudley then read the Emancipation Proclamation.

"Hail Columbia" was sung with feel-

"Hall Columbia" was sung with feeling by the audience.

Mrs. Lena Mason delivered an interesting address. She said the negroes were a part and parcel of the United States, for they had helped to make the country. Their fathers had fought in the federal army and helped to tear down the confederacy. As Ruth said unto Naomi, "Entreat me not to leave thee or return from following after thee, for whither thou goest I will go, thy God will be my God, and thy people my people," so they would remain with the white people. They had been brought here by the whites. Their fore-parents had helped cut down the trees, grub up the stumps and make the grub up the stumps and make the streets, avenues and parks. The labors of the old folks were ended and they were sleeping the last sleep. It had been charged that they were cruel, but she denied it, and challenged to but she defined it, and chainenged to find a more peaceable race than the negroes. They had never been the au-thor of strikes nor broughts many cases into court, but always desired that the law should take its course.

AT SANTIAGO.

J. M. Dickinson talked on the "Con duct of the Colored Soldier in Battle at Santiago." He said the courage of the colored man had been proven in the late war. The Tenth cavairy rescued the rough riders in the charge at San the rough riders in the charge at San Juan on the 24th of July. Their bravery was shown when they went forward after their leader had fallen, which disproved the opinion of some writers that the colored soldier will fight only so long as he is led. When Colonel Liscum fell the men went forward over the trenches and had to be called back.

Mr. Dickinson advanced the argument that the success of the colored

Mr. Dickinson advanced the argument that the success of the colored race depended on them going to another country and colonizing, and nationalizing it for themselves. The selfishness of the white man, he thought, blocked the road to success here. In Cuba there are 17,000,000 acres of unclaimed land, to which they have a right, since they shed blood to make it free from Spain. There they might be a people ? themselves. He disputed the assertion made by some that the Cubans are superior to the American colored people.

PROGRESS OF THE RACE.

PROGRESS OF THE RACE.

The subject of Rev. G. W. Tolson's remarks was "Progress of the Race." He mentioned with pride the fact that there were in the United States 22 colleges and 3,000 public schools devoted to the colored people. They had made constant progress since their enslavement in 1620, and now doctors, lawyers and teachers were numbered among them, and they had held almost every position except president of the United States. The white man had learned them to steal, but not in such large amounts as he. They had traveled with him on the Atlantic and Pacific, from the lakes to the gulf, in valleys, hills and mountains, and were here to stay. All language would be inadequate to express the progress made in one-half a century.

A resolution was passed endorsing the Utah Plain Dealer as the race Journal of the state, and thanking the people who have worked to make the celebration a success.

At the conclusion of the programme the company sat down to a sumptuous repast in the banquet room, followed later in the evening by a delightful trolley ride over the Sat Lake City road.

The occasion was brought to a happy termination in the evening by a

queen indeed. The room was filled with happy faces, and all the variety of dances were executed with animation.

MEXICAN VETERANS.

Row Over the Presidency and Demand For More Pensions.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 22—The National Mexican Veterans association today elected General E. H. Hobson of Greenville, Ky., president: A. L. Ogg of Indiana, vice president; Wilber Smith of Lexington, Ky., secretary and treasurer; Arx Williamson of Lexington, Ky., corresponding secretary

AND THE PARTY OF THE PARTY Arrested for not chewing

"He don't chew Battle Ax, yer Honor."

Ignorance of the Law is no excuse. but ignorance of BATTLE AX is your misfortune—not a crime—and the only penalty is your loss in quantity as well as quality when you buy any other kind of Chewing Tobacco.

Remember the name when you buy again.

pulling up the stream of prosperity. SLAVERY IN THE WEST INDIES. Miss Mary Howell read a paper taking for her theme the emancipation of slavery in the West Indies by the

Friday and Saturday.

The usual opportunity days. "Reduced from" is the particularly bright feature of these end of the week days, on which the careful shopper has learned to find great saving chances.

have only been with

us a short time, so

are the late fall styles in all wool

Cheviots, Cassimeres and Worst-

eds, excellent fit-

ting. As a bargain

leader from the

CHILDREN'S SHOES.

STANDARD PRINTS, 4c.

They've just come, bought for the purpose of making a two days' run of them. New and pretty patterns, the best standard Prints, in Indigo Blues, Turkey Reds, Black and White. Friday and Saturday

(ARPETS AND

(OUCH COVERS.



assortment pretty pattern couch covers. couch covers, bordered fringed all along, 50 inches wide. We bought these to sell each \$3.25, for a two days' special,

A two days'

\$2.48

Just five pieces of all wool, extra superfine Ingrain Carpets, good pat-terns, the 70c a yard kinds, for two days' racy selling in carpet



will do our part in making it possible. The salespeople knock off their percentage in selling cost, we pluck out the additional expense of bringing them and so you have some more of American flags, so much svanted

Let them wave plentifully. We will do our part SECTION. Combination

Friday and Saturday

Made of excellent quality Dongola

Kid, with patent leather tipped toes, but laced shoes only, so the \$1.50 values, in sizes 8 to 10½,

were 35c 17c Brown and Black Alligator Leather Belt Bags, reduced from 35c each to

lack and leathers,

Taped Hocks and Eyes, was 15c the yard, two days.... Card Hooks and Eyes, black

blug or white, 5c regular otherwise be 50c. 250 Large size Whisk Brooms, were 20c each, two days.

Men's \$300 and \$3.50 Trousers, Women's \$1 and \$1.25 Kid Gloves,

50c.



Of course they Gloves, kid couldn't be sold thus otherwise, but price does not in the least detract from their being real kid and the best All sizes are every size

every line - odd lots as we said. men's section for Some are clasps, some laced, some Friday and Satur- buttoned, some glaces, some su \$1.98 Their regular prices are \$1.00 and \$1.25 a pair. Friday and and Saturday 50c

WRAPPERS AND PLUSH (APES.



Wrappers ofthis price, but inasmuch as they are less than materials would cost, say nothing of making, we thought it well to again give them attention. They are made of all Cashmares and Flannels vain Ten Gown and lined throughout, waist lining sep arate . \$5.00

Silk Plush Capes, Thibet fur edged silk Plush Capes, Inches \$2.50 collar, nicely lined, 18 inches deep, for

Purse and Card Another line of Silk Plush Capes nicely braided, well made \$3.50 and lined at

Some new patterns and colloring have just arrived, that are of particularly great values and which will be sold, the yard, at 10c

Walker Brothers Bry Goods Co.